





Reduce VDI User Complaints & Maximize IT Team Efficiency

Solve Virtual Desktop Infrastructure Challenges In A Single Click

Applicationcentric Insights

Non-disruptive and scalable auto-discovery solution with automatic correlation between end-user VDI performance and connectivity issues with underlying network, storage and compute performance to get to root-cause before user impact.

AI-Based Root-Cause Analysis

Continuous Machine
Learning (ML) to
identify VDI anomalies from
performance baselines to
head off problems at the
pass, and eliminate finger
pointing between
infrastructure and
application teams with
automated root cause and
forensics.

Maximize Collaboration

Align business and IT
Operations goals in a single
product with VDI visibility
and correlated network,
compute and storage
insights to maximize team
efficiencies.

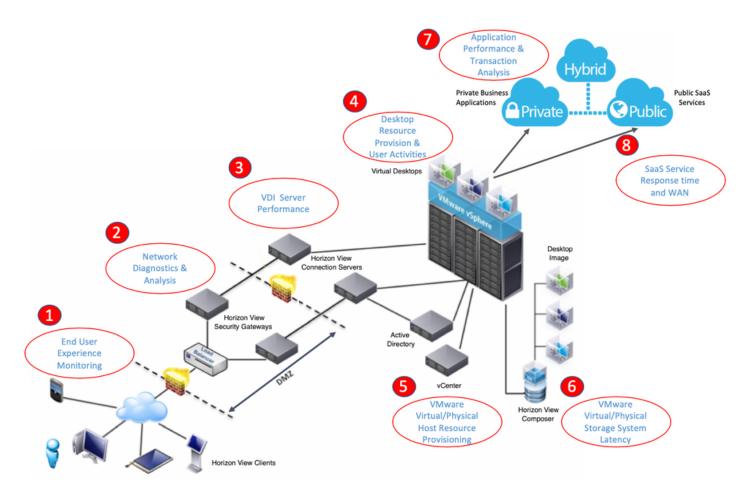
Solve Virtual Desktop Infrastructure Complaints such as:

- Slow Application Loading
- Slow Application Response

- Screen lag
- Graphics Responsiveness
- User logon
 Timeouts/slowness

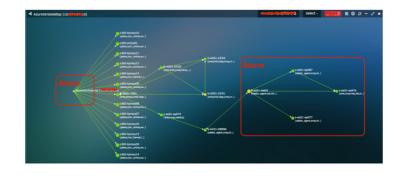


Uila's Comprehensive VDI Monitoring



Automated VDI Components Discovery

- Discover VDI Components and all interdependencies.Reduced Time to Value with automatic discovery of the topology map.
- Troubleshoot issues proactively at lightning speeds with full visibility into the dependencies across applications and infrastructure. View each application service performance by its response time and transaction load on the associated VMs.



- No manual updates or interventions needed to build the Dependency mapping. Install Uila, and we will build the maps automatically with NO code changes needed.
 - Application dependency and topology mapping provides critical insight for defining Migration & Disaster recovery Strategies.
 - Key Performance Indicators such as Application Response Time, Transaction Volume, packets, etc. for every application discovered.



Automated VDI Components Discovery

- End-user response time tracking proactively alerts
 IT to service degradation from the user's perspective before user and revenue impact.
- Response time analysis breaks down delays by the server, network, storage, application and clients.
- Site-by-site and client-by-client analysis isolates and correlates user issues to the real root cause, thus speeding up troubleshooting time.



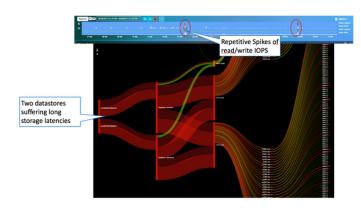
Troubleshoot at High Velocity with Root-Cause Analysis

- Monitor application performance and perform rapid root-cause analysis and reduce MTTR from days to minutes.
- Utilize continuous Machine Learning (ML) & Behavior Learning algorithms to identify anomalies from performance baselines instead of manual guesstimates, to provide unprecedented level of accuracy.
- Identify if VDI issues are due to the Infrastructure resources, Authorization & Authentication issues,
- etc.
 Identify Kerberos Authorization errors, slow JMS & bad DND queries.



Pinpoint Storage issues impacting VDI performance

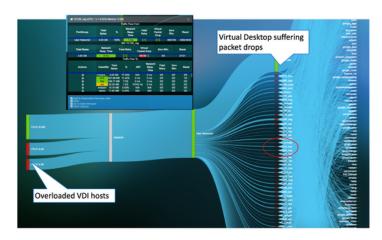
- Monitor Storage performance across multiple vendor's storage arrays on a 24 x 7 basis.
- Visualize trending performance issues on Read/Write latencies and IOPS across VMs, vDisk and Data Stores.
- Understand the problematic tiers within your storage infrastructure and isolate any issues impacting VDI performance.
- Simplify capacity planning procedures with insights into storage hotspots.





Visualize Network Traffic issues impacting VDI performance

- Visualize how the application network traffic traverses across physical devices, virtual entities & Application Services, to pinpoint network hot spots impacting application performance.
- Review Network Round Trip Time, Traffic Volume, Retries, Packet Drops, Application Response Time for each application.



Rightsize and Optimize your VDI Deployment

- Visualize under-provisioned hosts or instances leading to application performance issues.
 Visualize money left currently on the table with over-provisioned infrastructure assets.
- Visualize VM performance and utilization for a variety of resources including CPU, Memory and compare usage trends with allocated resources.
 Generate right-sizing reports for VM resources and share with the rest of the team.

| | CPU | | | | | | Memory | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| VM Name | Capacity (MHz) | core(s) | Avg Usage(%) | Peak Usage(%) | Top 10% Peaks Avg(%) | Over Provision Rec. | Capacity (MB) | Avg Usage(%) | Peak Usage(%) | Over Provision Rec. |
| wpserve r1-AWS | 2400 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 994 | 0 | 0 | |
| wpserve r2-AWS | 2400 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 994 | 0 | 0 | |
| AWS- LoadBal ancer-1 | 2394 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 994 | 0 | 0 | |
| VIC | 6500 | 2 | 0.5 | 6.1 | 0.9 | -1 core | 4096 | 8.7 | 69.2 | |
| vCenter- 6.7 | | 2 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 2.8 | -1 core | 10240 | 12.4 | 23 | -5120MB |
| DBServe r-1 | | 1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.2 | | 2048 | 1.5 | 3.8 | -1024MB |
| DBServe r-2 | | 1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | | 2048 | 1.4 | 3.4 | -1024MB |
| DBServe r-3 | | 1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | | 2048 | 1.4 | 4.8 | -1024MB |
| DBServe r-4 | 3250 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | | 2048 | 1.4 | 3 | -1024MB |
| CentOS- 6.8-DB | 3250 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | 2048 | 1.3 | 2.7 | -1024MB |
| CentOS- 6.8- wordpre ss | 3250 | 1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | | 2048 | 1.5 | 3.9 | -1024MB |
| in-10- | | | | | | | | | | |